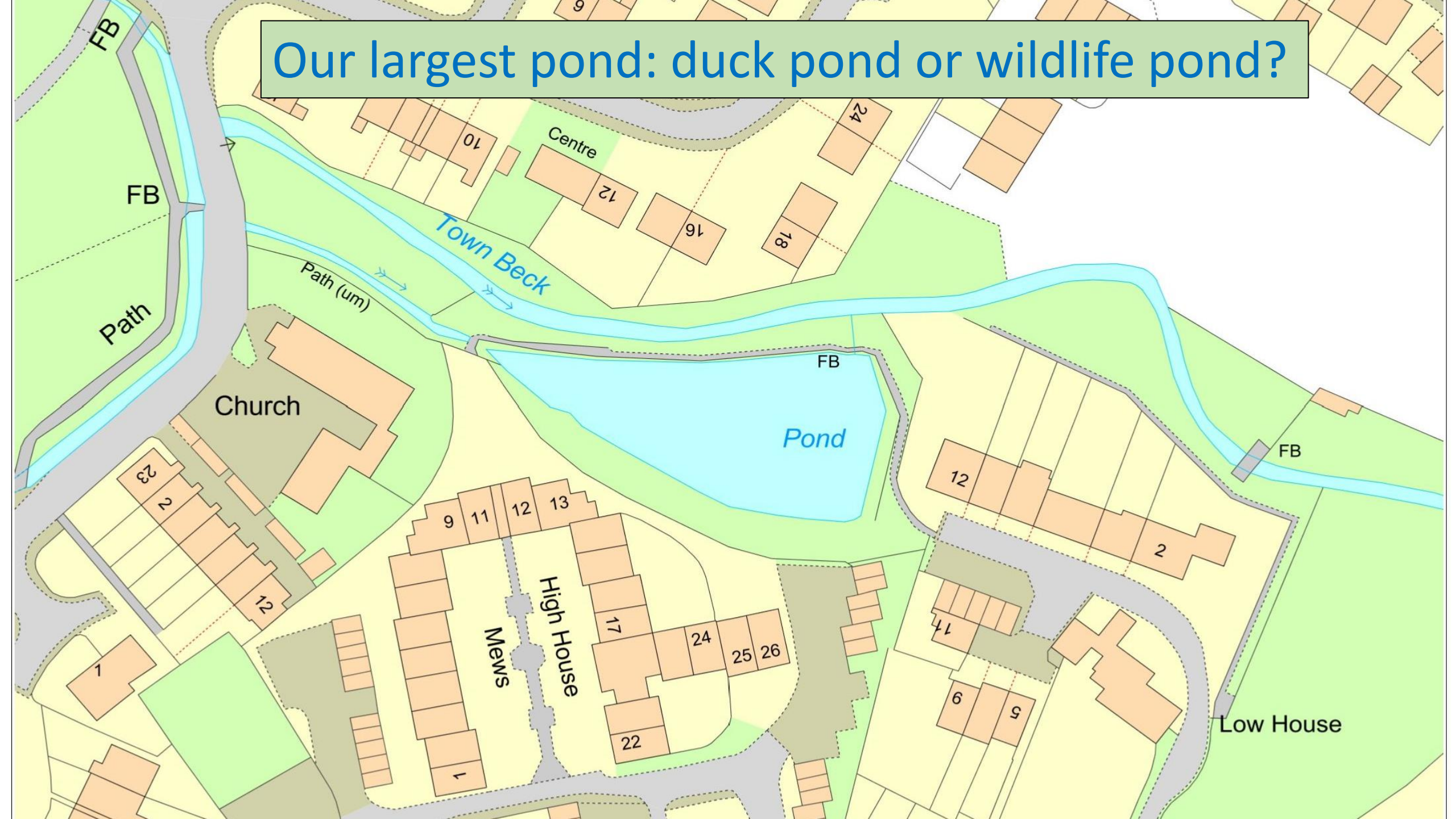


Addingham's ponds

The Saw Mill Dam

Our largest pond: duck pond or wildlife pond?



Too shaded

 Sustainable Water sw15

Saw Mill Dam

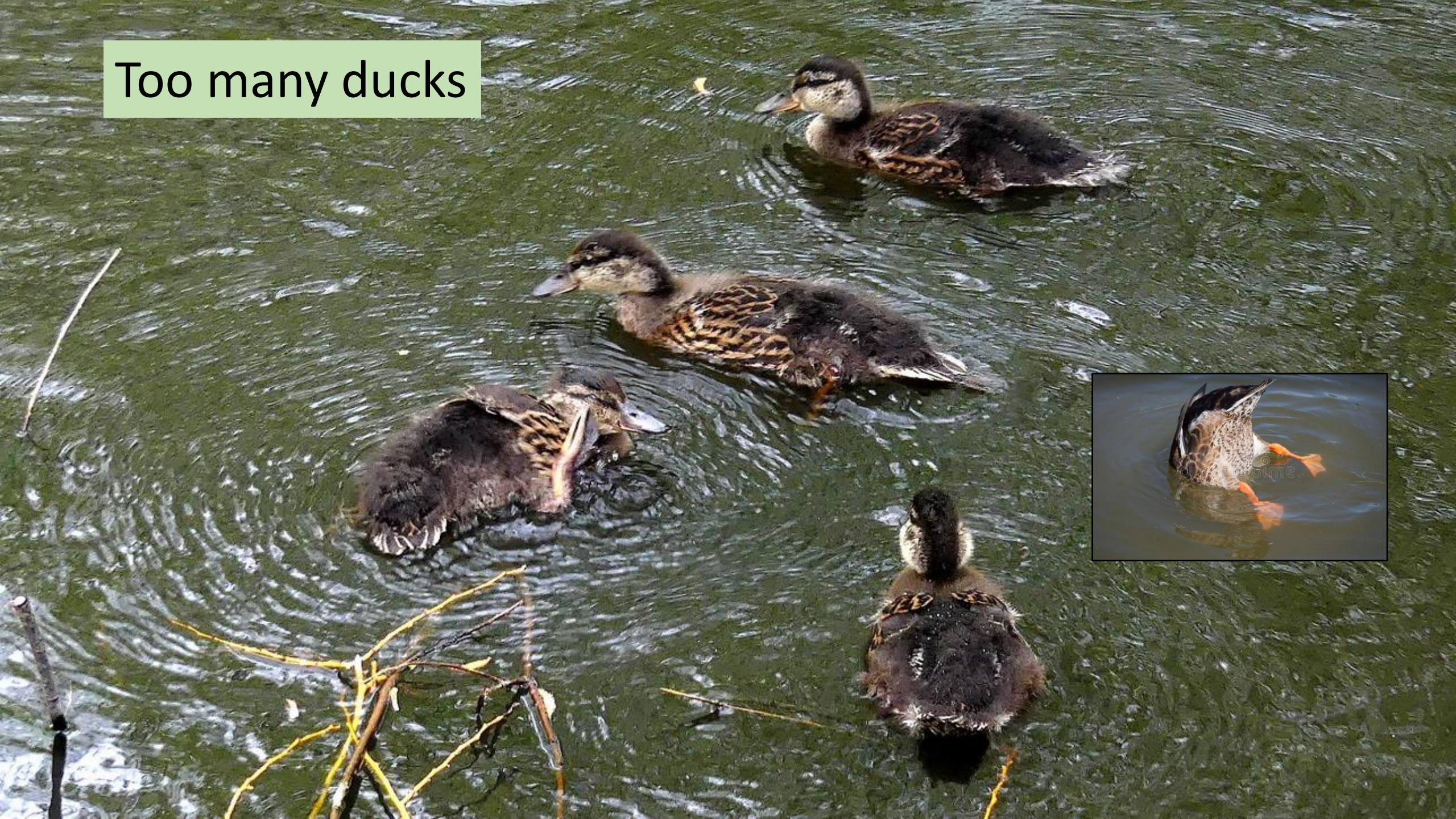
 Scan the QR code to find out more about this site

The Saw Mill Dam (or Pond) is the largest body of standing water in the village. It was built in the early part of the nineteenth century to provide water power for Sawman's textile mill. After the textile mill closed it became the village saw mill, owned by the Bowers family. The mill buildings were converted into private homes about 20 years ago and the mill pond came into the common ownership of the residents.

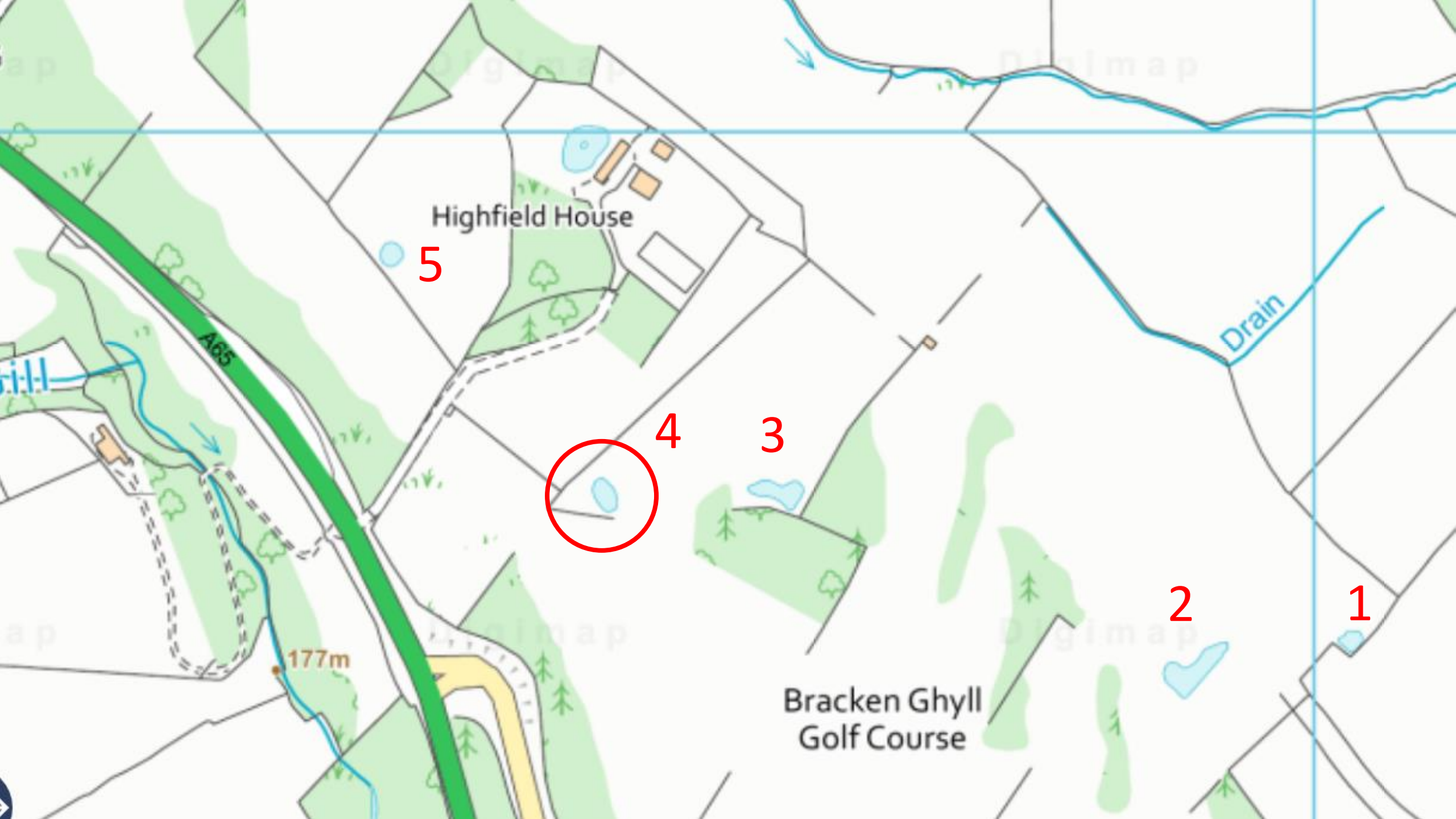
The surrounding area provides a good wildlife habitat, but the pond itself is in poor ecological condition. Water flow into the pond is unregulated as the current under the road becomes frequently blocked after high flow events in heavy rain. The trees around the pond are now too tall and prevent light reaching the pond surface and having from the trees are also to dense blocking poor oxygen conditions around the shoreline. Most of the trees are also to dense blocking poor oxygen conditions around the shoreline. Most of the trees are also to dense blocking poor oxygen conditions around the shoreline. Most of the trees are also to dense blocking poor oxygen conditions around the shoreline.



Too many ducks



Bracken Ghyll Golf Course Ponds



Highfield House

5

4

3

2

1

A65

177m

Bracken Ghyll
Golf Course

Drain



Curly waterweed (*Lagarasiphon major*)

Working with Bracken Ghyll Golf Club volunteers to eradicate this non-native invasive species from one of the five ponds on the course

It will need pulling out every year in spring



Ponds on the school Jubilee Nature Reserve



Rick Glover





A man with white hair, wearing a maroon t-shirt and dark trousers, stands on the left side of the group. He is gesturing with his right hand towards the woman next to him. A purple jacket is draped over his left arm.

A woman with blonde hair and sunglasses, wearing a dark blue jacket and grey pants, stands next to the man in the maroon shirt. She is wearing green rubber boots and has a black backpack on the ground near her feet.

An older woman with white hair, wearing a black jacket and dark pants, stands in the middle of the group. She is holding a shovel and has a red tool nearby.

A woman wearing a purple jacket, dark pants, and a light blue cap stands in the center. She has a backpack on and is holding a long-handled tool.

A man with a grey beard, wearing a blue jacket and light blue jeans, stands in the center-right. He is holding a shovel.

A woman with blonde hair, wearing a light blue jacket and dark pants, stands on the right side. She is holding a shovel.

An older woman with grey hair and glasses, wearing a white patterned shirt and dark pants, stands on the far right. She is wearing black rubber boots and holding a shovel and an orange-handled tool.

On the muddy ground in the foreground, there is a coiled green rope, a pair of blue gloves, and several long-handled tools, including a shovel and a rake.









Allotment ponds

Newtown allotment 8B





PLOT
4A



Allotment 4A

Allotment 4A



Allotment 4A











Garden Ponds

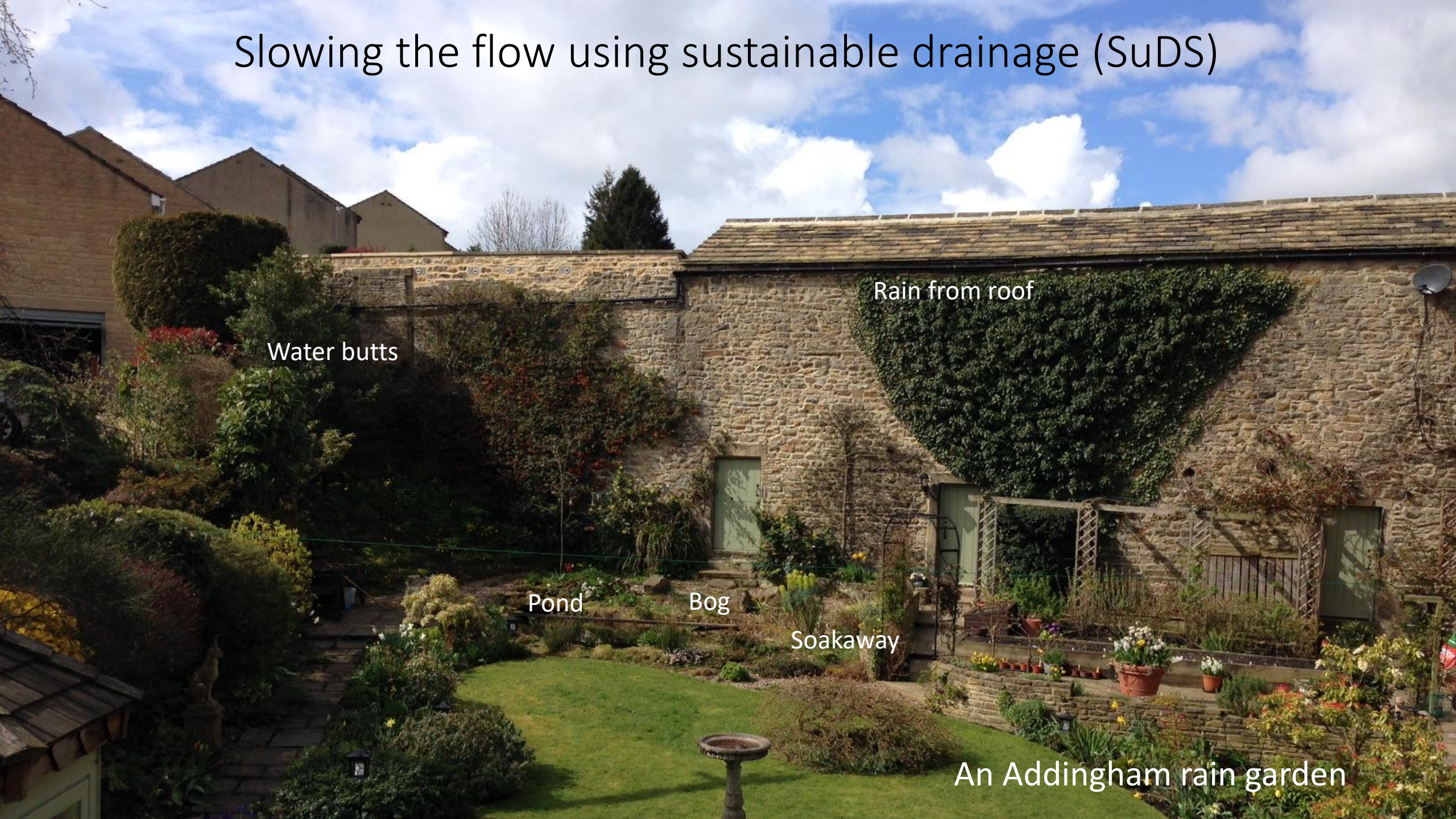


9 Main St., Addingham, West Yorkshire





Slowing the flow using sustainable drainage (SuDS)



Rain from roof

Water butts

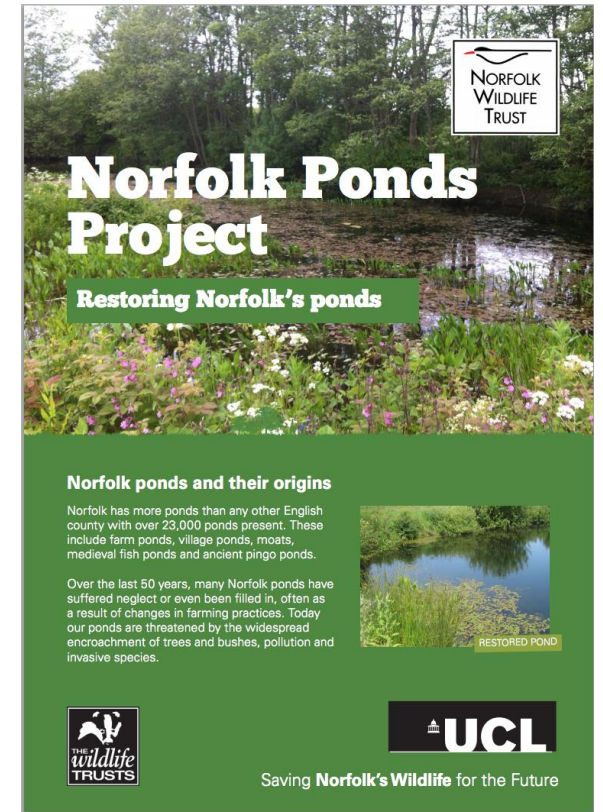
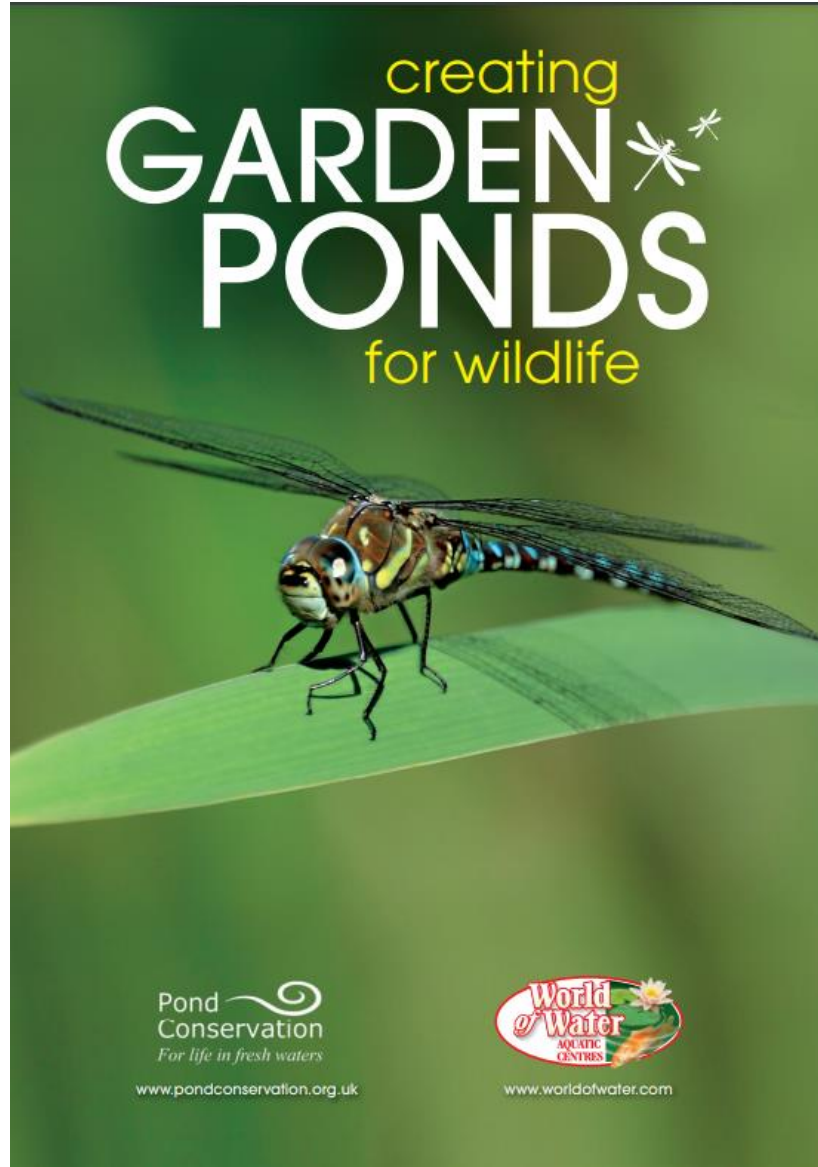
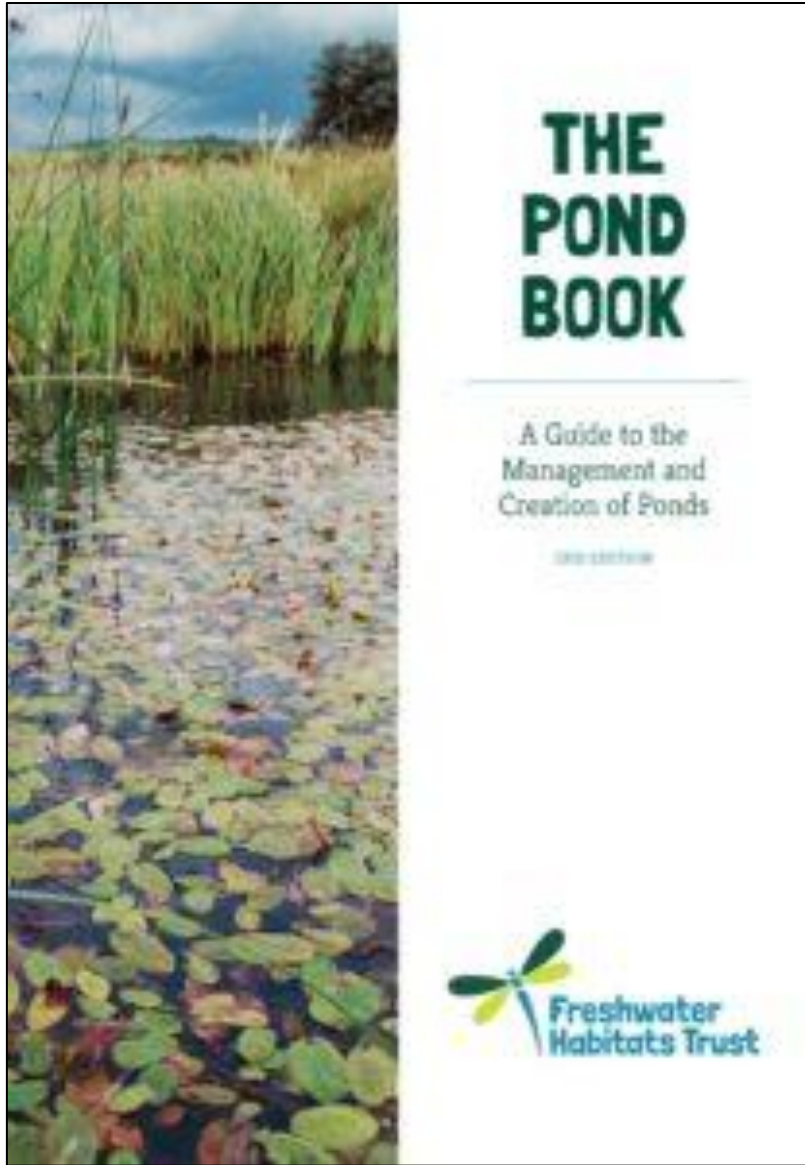
Pond

Bog

Soakaway

An Addingham rain garden





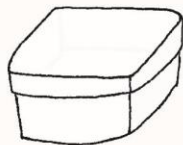
<https://freshwaterhabitats.org.uk>

<http://aquaticrestorationpartnership.org.uk/ponds/>

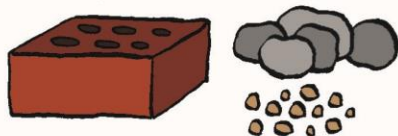
How to build a mini wildlife pond

You will need:

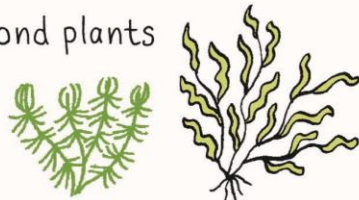
- a watertight container*



- old bricks, rocks and pebbles



- pond plants



- spade



* Is there anything that you can upcycle? It could be an old washing-up bowl, sink or even a plant pot. Aim for 20-30cm deep.

1 Choose a spot. Your pond will need light, but not full sunlight all day. You can dig a hole and sink your container, or just have it sitting on top.

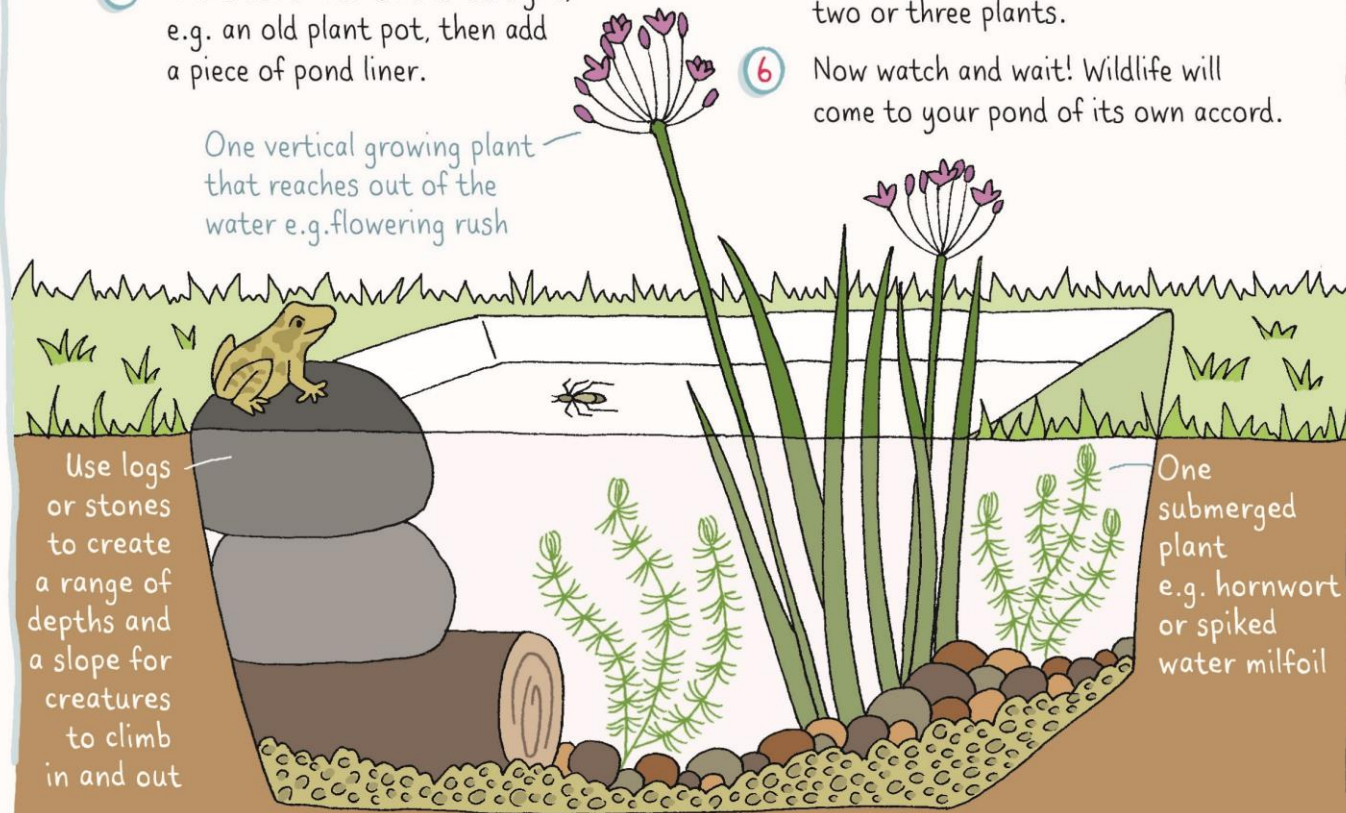
2 If the container isn't watertight, e.g. an old plant pot, then add a piece of pond liner.

3 Add a layer of gravel and rocks.

4 Fill your pond with rainwater (tap water contains chemicals).

5 Start planting... you only need two or three plants.

6 Now watch and wait! Wildlife will come to your pond of its own accord.



One vertical growing plant that reaches out of the water e.g. flowering rush

Use logs or stones to create a range of depths and a slope for creatures to climb in and out

One submerged plant e.g. hornwort or spiked water milfoil